The routi	ine immunisatior	n schedule	from Febr	uary 2022
Age due	Diseases protected against	Vaccine given ar	nd trade name	Usual site ¹
Eight weeks old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) and hepatitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh
	Meningococcal group B (MenB)	MenB	Bexsero	Left thigh
	Rotavirus gastroenteritis	Rotavirus ²	Rotarix ²	By mouth
Twelve weeks old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib and hepatitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh
	Pneumococcal (13 serotypes)	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV)	Prevenar 13	Thigh
	Rotavirus	Rotavirus ²	Rotarix ²	By mouth
Sixteen weeks old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib and hepatitis B	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh
	MenB	MenB	Bexsero	Left thigh
	Hib and MenC	Hib/MenC	Menitorix	Upper arm/thigh
One year old	Pneumococcal	PCV booster	Prevenar 13	Upper arm/thigh
(on or after the child's first birthday)	Measles, mumps and rubella (German measles)	MMR	MMRvaxPro ³ or Priorix	Upper arm/thigh
	MenB	MenB booster	Bexsero	Left thigh
Eligible paediatric age groups ⁴	Influenza (each year from September)	Live attenuated influenza vaccine LAIV ^{3,5}	Fluenz Tetra ^{3,5}	Both nostrils
Three years four	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and polio	dTaP/IPV	Boostrix-IPV	Upper arm
months old or soon after	Measles, mumps and rubella	MMR (check first dose given)	MMRvaxPro ³ or Priorix	Upper arm
Boys and girls aged twelve to thirteen years	Cancers and genital warts caused by specific human papillomavirus (HPV) types	HPV (two doses 6-24 months apart)	Gardasil	Upper arm
Fourteen years old (school Year 9)	Tetanus, diphtheria and polio	Td/IPV (check MMR status)	Revaxis	Upper arm
	Meningococcal groups A, C, W and Y	MenACWY	Nimenrix	Upper arm
65 years old	Pneumococcal (23 serotypes)	Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV)	Pneumovax 23	Upper arm
65 years of age and older	Influenza (each year from September)	Inactivated influenza vaccine	Multiple	Upper arm
70 to 79 years of age	Shingles	Shingles	Zostavax³ (or Shingrix if Zostavax contraindicated)	Upper arm

^{1.} Intramuscular injection into deltoid muscle in upper arm or anterolateral aspect of the thigh.

For vaccine supply information for the routine immunisation schedule please visit portal.immform.phe.gov.uk and check Vaccine Update for all other vaccine supply information: www.gov.uk/government/collections/vaccine-update





^{2.} Rotavirus vaccine should only be given after checking for SCID screening result.

^{3.} Contains porcine gelatine.

^{4.} See annual flu letter at: www.gov.uk/government/collections/annual-flu-programme

If LAIV (live attenuated influenza vaccine) is contraindicated or otherwise unsuitable use inactivated flu vaccine (check Green Book Chapter 19 for details).

Selective immunisation programmes						
Target group	Age and schedule	Disease	Vaccines required			
Babies born to hepatitis B infected mothers	At birth, four weeks and 12 months old ^{1,2}	Hepatitis B	Hepatitis B (Engerix B/HBvaxPRO)			
Infants in areas of the country with TB incidence >= 40/100,000	Around 28 days old ⁴	Tuberculosis	BCG			
Infants with a parent or grandparent born in a high incidence country ³	Around 28 days old ⁴	Tuberculosis	BCG			
Children in a clinical risk group	From 6 months to 17 years of age	Influenza	LAIV or inactivated flu vaccine if contraindicated to LAIV or under 2 years of age			
Pregnant women	At any stage of pregnancy during flu season	Influenza	Inactivated flu vaccine			

Pertussis

dTaP/IPV (Boostrix-IPV)

From 16 weeks gestation

Additional vaccines for individuals with underlying medical conditions

Medical condition	Diseases protected against	Vaccines required ¹	
Asplenia or splenic dysfunction (including due to sickle cell and coeliac disease)	Meningococcal groups A, B, C, W and Y Pneumococcal Influenza	MenACWY MenB PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	
Cochlear implants	Pneumococcal	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age)	
Chronic respiratory and heart conditions (such as severe asthma, chronic pulmonary disease, and heart failure)	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	
Chronic neurological conditions (such as Parkinson's or motor neurone disease, or learning disability)	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	
Diabetes	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	
Chronic kidney disease (CKD) (including haemodialysis)	Pneumococcal (stage 4 and 5 CKD) Influenza (stage 3, 4 and 5 CKD) Hepatitis B (stage 4 and 5 CKD)	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine Hepatitis B	
Chronic liver conditions	Pneumococcal Influenza Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	
Haemophilia	Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	
Immunosuppression due to disease or treatment ⁴	Pneumococcal Influenza	PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ^{2,3} PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	
Complement disorders (including those receiving complement inhibitor therapy)	Meningococcal groups A, B, C, W and Y Pneumococcal Influenza	MenACWY MenB PCV13 (up to ten years of age) ² PPV (from two years of age) Annual flu vaccine	

^{1.} Check relevant chapter of the Green Book for specific schedule: www.gov.uk/government/collections/immunisation-against-infectious-disease-the-green-book

^{3.} To any age in severely immunocompromised.4. Consider annual influenza vaccination for household members and those who care for people with these conditions.





Take blood for HBsAg at 12 months to exclude infection.
 In addition hexavalent vaccine (Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis) is given at 8, 12 and 16 weeks.
 Where the annual incidence of TB is >= 40/100,000 – see www.gov.uk/government/publications/tuberculosis-tb-by-country-rates-per-100000-people

^{4.} Check SCID screening outcome before giving BCG.

^{2.} If aged two years to under ten years of age and unimmunised or partially immunised against pneumococcal infection, give one PCV13 dose.